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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/847,696	05/02/2001	Henricus Johannes Adrianus Stuyt	05032-00010 6199	
7590 04/07/2004		EXAMINER		
John P. Iwanicki			LOWE, MICHAEL S	
BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD. 28 State Street, 28th Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Boston, MA 02109			3652	
			DATE MAILED: 04/07/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/847,69	3	STUYT, HENRICUS JOHANNES ADRIANUS			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		M. Scott Lo		3652			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR I MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT masions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day be period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evertion. s, a reply within the statury period will apply and will y statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tim tory minimum of thirty (30) days expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	12 January 2004	! <u>.</u>				
2a)□	Γhis action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
.—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>19-84</u> is/are pending in the application.						
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)🖂	Claim(s) <u>19-70 and 72-84</u> is/are allowed.						
•	Claim(s) 71 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[7]	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
•—	0)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 January 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
-,_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	•	= : :				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	oreign priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	ı-(d) or (f).			
a)	a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc		• •				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•		ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International I	*	` ''				
- (See the attached detailed Office action for	r a list of the certif	ied copies not receive	a.			
AMe - t-	Ada)						
Attachmer			4)	(DTO 412)			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato (US 4,984,959) in view of Nishizawa (US 4,803,895) and Hainer (US 3,262,593).

Re claim 71, Kato teaches a manipulator comprising a foot part 1 and a number of members connected in a chain to the foot part 1 and to each other and a gripper part 7 and wherein drive means, in particular motors 16a etc. for the members and gripper are provided in the foot part 1 wherein a first member 31e in the chain is rotatable at least 360 degrees about a shoulder axis relative to the foot part and a second member 51e is rotatable about an elbow axis relative to the first member 31e; wherein the footpart is mounted on a base plate (not numbered). Kato does not teach compensating means. Nishizawa teaches compensating means 18, etc. provided in the foot part for the first and second members to at least partially compensate for the forces exerted by the rotational movement of the members. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kato by the teaching of Nishizawa to have compensating means that at least partially compensate for the moment exerted by the first member relative to the foot part and by the second member relative to the elbow axis the arrangement being such that during use couples acting on a number of drive means are limited. Kato is silent as to whether the footpart is

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rotatable. Hainer teaches a rotatable footpart in order to make the device more versatile. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Kato by Hainer to have a rotatable footpart in order to make the device more versatile.

Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato (US 4,984,959) in view of Matsubara (US 5,982,127) and Hainer (US 3,262,593).

Re claim 71, Kato teaches a manipulator comprising a foot part 1 and a number of members connected in a chain to the foot part 1 and to each other and a gripper part 7 and wherein drive means, in particular motors 16a etc. for the members and gripper are provided in the foot part 1 wherein a first member 31e in the chain is rotatable at least 360 degrees about a shoulder axis relative to the foot part and a second member 51e is rotatable about an elbow axis relative to the first member 31e; wherein the footpart is mounted on a base plate (not numbered). Kato does not teach compensating means. Matsubara teaches compensating means (not numbered) provided in the foot part for the first and second members to at least partially compensate for the forces exerted by the members. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kato by the teaching of Matsubara to have compensating means that at least partially compensate for the moment exerted by the first member relative to the foot part and by the second member relative to the elbow axis the arrangement being such that during use couples acting on a number of drive means are limited. Kato is silent as to whether the footpart is rotatable. Hainer teaches

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a rotatable footpart in order to make the device more versatile. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Kato by Hainer to have a rotatable footpart in order to make the device more versatile.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 19-70 and 72-84 are allowed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Scott Lowe whose telephone number is 703-305-1940. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-4:30pm M,Tu,Th,F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eileen Lillis can be reached on 703-308-3248. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

FILEEN D. LILLIS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600

MSL